STRATEGIC MINERALS CORPORATION NL ACN 008 901 380

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

TIME: 11:00am EST

DATE: 30 May 2016

PLACE: BDO

Level 10, 12 Creek Street

Brisbane, QLD 4000

This Notice of Meeting should be read in its entirety. If Shareholders are in doubt as to how they should vote, they should seek advice from their professional advisers prior to voting.

Should you wish to discuss the matters in this Notice of Meeting please do not hesitate to contact the Company Secretary on +61 8 6141 3500.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Time and place of Meeting

Notice is given that the Meeting will be held at 11:00am EST on 30 May 2016 at:

BDO

Level 10, 12 Creek Street Brisbane, QLD 4000

Your vote is important

The business of the Meeting affects your shareholding and your vote is important.

Voting eligibility

The Directors have determined pursuant to Regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth) that the persons eligible to vote at the Meeting are those who are registered Shareholders at 11:00am EST on 28 May 2016.

Voting in person

To vote in person, attend the Meeting at the time, date and place set out above.

Voting by proxy

To vote by proxy, please complete and sign the enclosed Proxy Form and return by the time and in accordance with the instructions set out on the Proxy Form.

In accordance with section 249L of the Corporations Act, Shareholders are advised that:

- each Shareholder has a right to appoint a proxy;
- the proxy need not be a Shareholder of the Company; and
- a Shareholder who is entitled to cast 2 or more votes may appoint 2 proxies and may specify the proportion or number of votes each proxy is appointed to exercise. If the member appoints 2 proxies and the appointment does not specify the proportion or number of the member's votes, then in accordance with section 249X(3) of the Corporations Act, each proxy may exercise one-half of the votes.

Shareholders and their proxies should be aware that changes to the Corporations Act made in 2011 mean that:

if proxy holders vote, they must cast all directed proxies as directed; and

 any directed proxies which are not voted will automatically default to the Chair, who must vote the proxies as directed.

Further details on these changes are set out below.

Proxy vote if appointment specifies way to vote

Section 250BB(1) of the Corporations Act provides that an appointment of a proxy may specify the way the proxy is to vote on a particular resolution and, **if it does**:

- the proxy need not vote on a show of hands, but if the proxy does so, the proxy must vote that way (ie as directed); and
- if the proxy has 2 or more appointments that specify different ways to vote on the resolution, the proxy must not vote on a show of hands; and
- if the proxy is the chair of the meeting at which the resolution is voted on, the proxy must vote on a poll, and must vote that way (ie as directed); and
- if the proxy is not the chair, the proxy need not vote on the poll, but if the proxy does so, the proxy must vote that way (ie as directed).

Transfer of non-chair proxy to chair in certain circumstances

Section 250BC of the Corporations Act provides that, if:

- an appointment of a proxy specifies the way the proxy is to vote on a particular resolution at a meeting of the Company's members; and
- the appointed proxy is not the chair of the meeting; and
- at the meeting, a poll is duly demanded on the resolution; and
- either of the following applies:
 - the proxy is not recorded as attending the meeting; or
 - > the proxy does not vote on the resolution,

the chair of the meeting is taken, before voting on the resolution closes, to have been appointed as the proxy for the purposes of voting on the resolution at the meeting.

BUSINESS OF THE MEETING

AGENDA

1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

To receive and consider the annual financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 together with the declaration of the directors, the director's report, the Remuneration Report and the auditor's report.

2. RESOLUTION 1 – ADOPTION OF REMUNERATION REPORT

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as a **non-binding resolution**:

"That, for the purposes of section 250R(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, approval is given for the adoption of the Remuneration Report as contained in the Company's annual financial report for the financial year ended 31 December 2015."

Note: the vote on this Resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Voting Prohibition Statement:

A vote on this Resolution must not be cast (in any capacity) by or on behalf of either of the following persons:

- (a) a member of the Key Management Personnel, details of whose remuneration are included in the Remuneration Report; or
- (b) a Closely Related Party of such a member.

However, a person (the **voter**) described above may cast a vote on this Resolution as a proxy if the vote is not cast on behalf of a person described above and either:

- (a) the voter is appointed as a proxy by writing that specifies the way the proxy is to vote on this Resolution; or
- (b) the voter is the Chair and the appointment of the Chair as proxy:
 - (i) does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on this Resolution; and
 - (ii) expressly authorises the Chair to exercise the proxy even though this Resolution is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of a member of the Key Management Personnel.

3. RESOLUTION 2 – RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTOR – LAIF MCLOUGHLIN

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as an **ordinary resolution**:

"That, for the purpose of article 12.2 of the Articles of Association, ASX Listing Rule 14.4 and for all other purposes, Laif McLoughlin, a Director, retires by rotation, and being eligible, is re-elected as a Director."

4. RESOLUTION 3 – CONSOLIDATION OF CAPITAL

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without amendment, the following resolution as an **ordinary resolution**:

"That, for the purpose of section 254H of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, the issued capital of the Company be consolidated on the basis that every fifteen (15) Shares be consolidated into one (1) Share and, where this Consolidation results in a fraction of a Share being held, the Company be authorised to round that fraction up to the nearest whole Share (as the case may be)."

5. RESOLUTION 4 – ADOPTION OF NEW CONSTITUTION

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a **special resolution**:

"That, for the purpose of section 136(2) of the Corporations Act and for all other purposes, approval is given for the Company to repeal its existing Articles of Association and adopt a new constitution in its place in the form as signed by the chairman of the Meeting for identification purposes."

Dated: 29 April 2016

By order of the Board

Jay Stephenson Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

This Explanatory Statement has been prepared to provide information which the Directors believe to be material to Shareholders in deciding whether or not to pass the Resolutions.

1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the business of the Meeting will include receipt and consideration of the annual financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 together with the declaration of the directors, the directors' report, the Remuneration Report and the auditor's report.

The Company will not provide a hard copy of the Company's annual financial report to Shareholders unless specifically requested to do so. The Company's annual financial report is available on its website at http://www.stratmin.com.au.

2. RESOLUTION 1 – ADOPTION OF REMUNERATION REPORT

2.1 General

The Corporations Act requires that at a listed company's annual general meeting, a resolution that the remuneration report be adopted must be put to the shareholders. However, such a resolution is advisory only and does not bind the company or the directors of the company.

The remuneration report sets out the company's remuneration arrangements for the directors and senior management of the company. The remuneration report is part of the directors' report contained in the annual financial report of the company for a financial year.

The chair of the meeting must allow a reasonable opportunity for its shareholders to ask questions about or make comments on the remuneration report at the annual general meeting.

2.2 Voting consequences

Under changes to the Corporations Act which came into effect on 1 July 2011, a company is required to put to its shareholders a resolution proposing the calling of another meeting of shareholders to consider the appointment of directors of the company (**Spill Resolution**) if, at consecutive annual general meetings, at least 25% of the votes cast on a remuneration report resolution are voted against adoption of the remuneration report and at the first of those annual general meetings a Spill Resolution was not put to vote. If required, the Spill Resolution must be put to vote at the second of those annual general meetings.

If more than 50% of votes cast are in favour of the Spill Resolution, the company must convene a shareholder meeting (**Spill Meeting**) within 90 days of the second annual general meeting.

All of the directors of the company who were in office when the directors' report (as included in the company's annual financial report for the most recent financial year) was approved, other than the managing director of the company, will cease to hold office immediately before the end of the Spill Meeting but may stand for re-election at the Spill Meeting.

Following the Spill Meeting those persons whose election or re-election as directors of the company is approved will be the directors of the company.

2.3 Previous voting results

At the Company's previous annual general meeting the votes cast against the remuneration report considered at that annual general meeting were less than 25%. Accordingly, the Spill Resolution is not relevant for this Annual General Meeting.

2.4 Proxy voting restrictions

Shareholders appointing a proxy for this Resolution should note the following:

Proxy	Directions given	No directions given
Key Management Personnel ¹	Vote as directed	Unable to vote ³
Chair ²	Vote as directed	Able to vote at discretion of Proxy ⁴
Other	Vote as directed	Able to vote at discretion of Proxy

Notes:

- ¹ Refers to Key Management Personnel (other than the Chair) whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report, or a Closely Related Party of such a member.
- ² Refers to the Chair (where he/she is also a member of the Key Management Personnel whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report), or a Closely Related Party of such a member).
- ³ Undirected proxies granted to these persons will not be voted and will not be counted in calculating the required majority if a poll is called on this Resolution.
- ⁴ The Proxy Form notes it is the Chair's intention to vote all undirected proxies in favour of all Resolutions.

RESOLUTION INSERT 2 – RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTOR – LAIF MCLOUGHLIN

ASX Listing Rule 14.4 provides that a director of an entity must not hold office (without re-election) past the third AGM following the director's appointment or 3 year, whichever is the longer.

Article 12.2 of the Articles of Association provides that:

- (a) At the Company's first annual general meeting, all the Directors must retire from office.
- (b) At the annual general meeting in every subsequent year, one-third of the Directors for the time being (but excluding the Managing Director and any Director retiring under Article 12.4), or, if their number is not a multiple of 3, then the number nearest one-third (rounded upwards in case of doubt), must retire from office.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) above, no Director, except a Managing Director, can hold office for a period in excess of 3 years, or until the third annual general meeting following his appointment, whichever is the longer, without submitting himself for re-election.
- (d) The Directors to retire at an annual general meeting other than the first annual general meeting are those who have been longest in office

since their last election, but, as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those to retire will (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by drawing lots.

- (e) A retiring Director is eligible for re-election.
- (f) An election of Directors must take place each year.

The Company has a requirement for three (3) Directors and accordingly one must retire. Laif McLoughlin, the Director longest in office since his last election, retires by rotation and seeks re-election.

4. RESOLUTION 3 – CONSOLIDATION OF CAPITAL

4.1 Background

The directors are seeking shareholder approval to consolidate the number of Shares on issue on a one for fifteen basis.

If Resolution 3 is passed, the number of Shares on issue will be reduced from 866,431,995 to 57,762,133 (subject to rounding).

There are currently no securities other than Shares on issue.

4.2 Legal requirements

Section 254H of the Corporations Act provides that a company may, by resolution passed in a general meeting, convert all or any of its shares into a larger or smaller number.

4.3 Fractional entitlements

Not all Shareholders will hold that number of Shares which can be evenly divided by 15. Where a fractional entitlement occurs, the Company will round that fraction up to the nearest whole Share.

4.4 Taxation

It is not considered that any taxation implications will exist for Shareholders arising from the Consolidation. However, Shareholders are advised to seek their own tax advice on the effect of the Consolidation, and the Company does not accept any responsibility for the individual taxation implications arising from the Consolidation.

4.5 Holding statements

From the date of the Consolidation, all holding statements for Shares will cease to have any effect, except as evidence of entitlement to a certain number of Shares on a post-Consolidation basis.

After the Consolidation becomes effective, the Company will arrange for new holding statements for Shares to be issued to holders of those Shares.

It is the responsibility of each Shareholder to check the number of Shares held prior to disposal or exercise (as the case may be).

4.6 Effect on capital structure

The effect which the Consolidation will have on the Company's capital structure is set out in the table below.

Capital Structure	Shares
Pre-Consolidation Securities	866,431,995
Post 15:1 Consolidation of Securities (Resolution 3)	57,762,133

4.7 Indicative timetable

If Resolution 3 is passed, the reduction of capital will take effect in accordance with the following timetable (as set out in Appendix 7A (paragraph 8) of the ASX Listing Rules):

Action	Date	
Company announces Consolidation and sends out Notice of Meeting.	29 April 2016	
Company tells ASX that Shareholders have approved the Consolidation.	30 May 2016	
Last day for pre-Consolidation trading.	31 May 2016	
Post-Consolidation trading starts on a deferred settlement basis.	1 June 2016	
Last day for Company to register transfers on a pre-Consolidation basis.	2 June 2016	
First day for Company to send notice to each holder of the change in their details of holdings.	2 June 2014	
First day for the Company to register Shares on a post-Consolidation basis and first day for issue of holding statements.	3 June 2016	
Change of details of holdings date. Deferred settlement market ends.		
Last day for Shares to be entered into holders' Share holdings.	9 June 2016	
Last day for the Company to send notice to each holder of the change in their details of holdings.		

5. RESOLUTION 4 – ADOPTION OF NEW CONSTITUTION

5.1 General

A company may modify or repeal its constitution or a provision of its constitution by special resolution of shareholders.

Resolution 4 is a special resolution which will enable the Company to repeal its existing Articles of Association and adopt a new constitution (**Proposed Constitution**) which is of the type required for a listed public company limited by shares updated to ensure it reflects the current provisions of the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules.

This will incorporate amendments to the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules since the current Articles of Association was adopted in 1997.

The Directors believe that it is preferable in the circumstances to replace the existing Articles of Association with the Proposed Constitution rather than to amend a multitude of specific provisions.

The Proposed Constitution is broadly consistent with the provisions of the existing Articles of Association. Many of the proposed changes are administrative or minor in nature including but not limited to:

- updating references to bodies or legislation which have been renamed (e.g. references to the Australian Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Ltd, SCH Business Rules and SCH Transfer); and
- expressly providing for statutory rights by mirroring these rights in provisions of the Proposed Constitution.

The Directors believe these amendments are not material nor will they have any significant impact on Shareholders. It is not practicable to list all of the changes to the Constitution in detail in this Explanatory Statement, however, a summary of the proposed material changes is set out below.

Uncertificated holdings and electronic transfers (clause 4)

The Proposed Constitution expressly empowers the Directors to:

- (a) do anything necessary or desirable to facilitate the participation by the Company in the CHESS system and any other computerised or electronic system for dealings in Shares or securities; and
- (b) issue holding statements in lieu of share certificates.

Fee for registration of off market transfers (clause 8.4(c))

On 24 January 2011, ASX amended ASX Listing Rule 8.14 with the effect that the Company may now charge a "reasonable fee" for registering paper-based transfers, sometimes referred to "off-market transfers".

Clause 8.4 of the Proposed Constitution is being made to enable the Company to charge a reasonable fee when it is required to register off-market transfers from Shareholders. The fee is intended to represent the cost incurred by the Company in upgrading its fraud detection practices specific to off-market transfers.

Before charging any fee, the Company is required to notify ASX of the fee to be charged and provide sufficient information to enable ASX to assess the reasonableness of the proposed amount.

Proceedings at general meetings (clause 13)

Clause 13 of the Proposed Constitution provides for the proceedings at general meetings of Shareholders. Whilst containing similar provisions to the existing Articles of Association, clause 13 also includes the following additional provisions:

Quorum

Under the Proposed Constitution, the quorum for the purpose of a general meeting shall comprise 2 Shareholders present in person, by proxy, attorney or representative. The quorum for the purpose of the existing Articles of Association is 3 Shareholders present in person, by proxy, attorney or representative.

Refusal of Admission to Meetings

The chairman of a general meeting may refuse admission to a person, or require a person to leave and not return to, a meeting if the person:

- (a) refuses to permit examination of any article in the person's possession;
- (b) is in possession of any:
 - (i) electronic or broadcasting or recording device;
 - (ii) placard or banner; or
 - (iii) other article,

which the chairman considers to be dangerous, offensive or liable to cause disruption;

- (c) causes any disruption to the meeting; or
- (d) is not entitled to attend the meeting under the Corporations Act or this Constitution.

The Chairman may delegate the powers conferred by this clause to any person. Nothing in this clause limits the powers conferred on the chairman by law.

Insufficient room

The chairman may arrange for any persons attending the meeting who the chairman considers cannot reasonably be accommodated in the place where the meeting is to take place to attend or observe the meeting from a separate place using any technology that gives members present at the meeting as a whole a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting.

Vacating Chair

At any time during a meeting and in respect of any specific item or items of business, the chairman may elect to vacate the chair in favour of another person nominated by the chairman (which person must be a Director unless no Director is present or willing to act). That person is to be taken to be the chairman and will have all the power of the chairman (other than the power to adjourn the meeting), during the consideration of that item of business or those items of business.

Disputes Concerning Procedure

If there is a dispute at a general meeting about a question of procedure, the chairman may determine the question.

General Conduct

The general conduct of each general meeting of the Company and the

procedures to be adopted at the meeting will be determined by the chairman, including the procedure for the conduct of the election of Directors.

Electronic Appointment of Proxy

For the purposes of clause 13.23, a proxy appointment received at an electronic address will be taken to be signed by the appointor if:

- (a) a personal identification code allocated by the Company to the appointor has been input into the appointment;
- (b) the appointment has been verified in another manner approved by the Directors; or
- (c) is otherwise authenticated in accordance with the Corporations Act.

Name of proxy

A proxy form issued by the Company must allow for the insertion of the name of the person to be primarily appointed as proxy and may provide that, in circumstances and on conditions specified in the form that are not inconsistent with this Constitution, the chairman of the relevant meeting (or another person specified in the form) is appointed as proxy.

Incomplete proxy appointment

Where an instrument appointing a proxy has been received by the Company within the period specified in clause 13.24(e) and the Company considers that the instrument has not been duly executed or authenticated or is otherwise incomplete (other than by reason only that the name or office of the proxy has not been completed), the board, in its discretion, may:

- (a) return the instrument appointing the proxy to the appointing Shareholder; and
- (b) request that the appointing Shareholder take such steps to complete, sign, execute or authenticate the proxy instrument within the time period notified to the appointing Shareholder.

No right to speak or vote if appointing Shareholder present

The appointment of a proxy is not revoked if the appointing Shareholder is present in person or by Representative at a general meeting but the proxy must not speak or vote at the meeting while the appointing Shareholder is so present.

Rights where 2 proxies or attorneys are appointed

Where a Shareholder appoints 2 proxies or attorneys to vote at the same general meeting:

- (a) on a show of hands, if more than one proxy or attorney attends, neither may vote; and
- (b) on a poll, each proxy or attorney may only exercise votes in respect of those shares or voting rights the proxy or attorney represents.

More than 2 proxies or attorneys appointed

If the Company receives notice of the appointment of a proxy or attorney in accordance with this Constitution that results in more than 2 proxies or attorneys being entitled to act at a general meeting then in determining which proxies or attorneys may act at that meeting:

- (a) a proxy or attorney appointed for that particular meeting may act ahead of any proxy or attorney whose appointment is a standing appointment; and
- (b) subject to clause 13.30(a) the proxies or attorneys whose appointments are received by the Company most recently in time may act.

Dividends (clause 22)

Section 254T of the Corporations Act was amended effective 28 June 2010.

There is now a three-tiered test that a company will need to satisfy before paying a dividend replacing the previous test that dividends may only be paid out of profits.

The amended requirements provide that a company must not pay a dividend unless:

- (a) the company's assets exceed its liabilities immediately before the dividend is declared and the excess is sufficient for the payment of the dividend;
- (b) the payment of the dividend is fair and reasonable to the company's shareholders as a whole; and
- (c) the payment of the dividend does not materially prejudice the company's ability to pay its creditors.

The existing Articles of Association reflects the former profits test and restricts the dividends to be paid only out of the profits of the Company. The Proposed Constitution is updated to reflect the new requirements of the Corporations Act. The Directors consider it appropriate to include this provision in the Proposed Constitution to allow more flexibility in the payment of dividends in the future should the Company be in a position to pay dividends.

A copy of the Proposed Constitution is available for review by Shareholders at the office of the Company. A copy of the Proposed Constitution can also be sent to Shareholders upon request to the Company Secretary (+61 (08) 6141 3500). Shareholders are invited to contact the Company if they have any queries or concerns.

GLOSSARY

\$ means Australian dollars.

Annual General Meeting or **Meeting** means the meeting convened by the Notice.

Articles of Association means the existing articles of association of the Company.

ASIC means the Australian Securities & Investments Commission.

ASX means ASX Limited (ACN 008 624 691) or the financial market operated by ASX Limited, as the context requires.

ASX Listing Rules means the Listing Rules of ASX.

Board means the current board of directors of the Company.

Business Day means Monday to Friday inclusive, except New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, and any other day that ASX declares is not a business day.

Chair means the chair of the Meeting.

Closely Related Party of a member of the Key Management Personnel means:

- (a) a spouse or child of the member;
- (b) a child of the member's spouse;
- (c) a dependent of the member or the member's spouse;
- (d) anyone else who is one of the member's family and may be expected to influence the member, or be influenced by the member, in the member's dealing with the entity;
- (e) a company the member controls; or
- (f) a person prescribed by the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth) for the purposes of the definition of 'closely related party' in the Corporations Act.

Company means Strategic Minerals Corporation NL (ACN 008 901 380).

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

Directors means the current directors of the Company.

Explanatory Statement means the explanatory statement accompanying the Notice.

Key Management Personnel has the same meaning as in the accounting standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and means those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, or if the Company is part of a consolidated entity, of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company, or if the Company is part of a consolidated entity, of an entity within the consolidated group.

Notice or **Notice** of **Meeting** means this notice of meeting including the Explanatory Statement and the Proxy Form.

Option means an option to acquire a Share

Optionholder means a holder of an Option

Proposed Constitution means the constitution proposed to be adopted pursuant to Resolution 4.

Proxy Form means the proxy form accompanying the Notice.

Remuneration Report means the remuneration report set out in the Director's report section of the Company's annual financial report for the year ended 31 December 2015

Resolutions means the resolutions set out in the Notice, or any one of them, as the context requires.

Share means a fully paid ordinary share in the capital of the Company.

Shareholder means a registered holder of a Share.

WST means Western Standard Time as observed in Perth, Western Australia.

PROXY FORM

STRATEGIC MINERALS CORPORATION NL ACN 008 901 380

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

I/We						
of:						
being a Shar	eholder entitled to att	end and vote at	the Meeting, herek	y appoint:		
Name:						
OR:	the Chair of the Mo	eeting as my/our	proxy.			
accordance relevant laws	person so named or, in with the following dire as the proxy sees fit, a reek Street, Brisbane C	ections, or, if no at the Meeting to	directions have be be held at 11:00a	een given, am EST, on 3	and subject	to the
AUTHORITY FO	R CHAIR TO VOTE UND	IRECTED PROXIES	ON REMUNERATION	N RELATED RI	ESOLUTIONS	
default), I/we I/we have ind	ave appointed the Ch expressly authorise the cated a different voting the the remuneration of the cate	ne Chair to exercing intention below	cise my/our proxy v) even though Res	on Resoluti solution 1 are	ion 1 (except e connected (where directly
CHAIR'S VOTIN	ng intention in relat	ION TO UNDIRECT	TED PROXIES			
he Chair ma	nds to vote undirecte y change his/her vot nt will be made immed	ing intention on	any Resolution. I	n the event		
Voting on bu	siness of the Meeting			FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN
Resolution 1	Adoption of Remunera	tion Report				
Resolution 2	Re-election of Laif McL	oughlin				
Resolution 3	Consolidation of Capit	al				
Resolution 4	Adoption of new Cons	titution				
	rou mark the abstain box show of hands or on a p					
If two proxies ar	e being appointed, the p	roportion of voting	rights this proxy repre	esents is:		%
Signature of SI	hareholder(s):					
ndividual or S	hareholder 1	Shareholder 2		Sharehold	er 3	
Sole Director/Co	ompany Secretary	Director		Director/Co	mpany Secreta	ary
Date:			_			
Contact name	e:		Contact ph (day	time):		
E-mail addres	s:		Consent for cont in relation to this			NO []

Instructions for completing Proxy Form

- 1. (Appointing a proxy): A Shareholder entitled to attend and cast a vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting. If a Shareholder is entitled to cast 2 or more votes at the Meeting, the Shareholder may appoint a second proxy to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting. However, where both proxies attend the Meeting, voting may only be exercised on a poll. The appointment of a second proxy must be done on a separate copy of the Proxy Form. A Shareholder who appoints 2 proxies may specify the proportion or number of votes each proxy is appointed to exercise. If a Shareholder appoints 2 proxies and the appointments do not specify the proportion or number of the Shareholder's votes each proxy is appointed to exercise, each proxy may exercise one-half of the votes. Any fractions of votes resulting from the application of these principles will be disregarded. A duly appointed proxy need not be a Shareholder.
- 2. (Direction to vote): A Shareholder may direct a proxy how to vote by marking one of the boxes opposite each item of business. The direction may specify the proportion or number of votes that the proxy may exercise by writing the percentage or number of Shares next to the box marked for the relevant item of business. Where a box is not marked the proxy may vote as they choose subject to the relevant laws. Where more than one box is marked on an item the vote will be invalid on that item.

3. (Signing instructions):

- (Individual): Where the holding is in one name, the Shareholder must sign.
- (Joint holding): Where the holding is in more than one name, all of the Shareholders should sign.
- (Power of attorney): If you have not already provided the power of attorney with the registry, please attach a certified photocopy of the power of attorney to this Proxy Form when you return it.
- (Companies): Where the company has a sole director who is also the sole company secretary, that person must sign. Where the company (pursuant to Section 204A of the Corporations Act) does not have a company secretary, a sole director can also sign alone. Otherwise, a director jointly with either another director or a company secretary must sign. Please sign in the appropriate place to indicate the office held. In addition, if a representative of a company is appointed pursuant to Section 250D of the Corporations Act to attend the Meeting, the documentation evidencing such appointment should be produced prior to admission to the Meeting. A form of a certificate evidencing the appointment may be obtained from the Company.
- 4. **(Attending the Meeting)**: Completion of a Proxy Form will not prevent individual Shareholders from attending the Meeting in person if they wish. Where a Shareholder completes and lodges a valid Proxy Form and attends the Meeting in person, then the proxy's authority to speak and vote for that Shareholder is suspended while the Shareholder is present at the Meeting.
- 5. **(Return of Proxy Form)**: To vote by proxy, please complete and sign the enclosed Proxy Form and return by:
 - (a) post to Strategic Minerals Corporation NL P.O. Box 52, West Perth 6872; or
 - (b) facsimile to the Company on facsimile number +61 8 6141 3599; or
 - (C) email to the Company at julia@wolfstargroup.com.au,

so that it is received not less than 48 hours prior to commencement of the Meeting.

Proxy Forms received later than this time will be invalid.